PATIENT INFORMATION FORM



We are committed to providing all our patients with the best possible care. To do this it is important that your records are kept up to date and accurate.

Title: Mr Mrs Ms Miss Master	Gender:
Surname:	Marital Status:
First Name:	Known as:
Date of Birth: / /	Country of birth:
Street Address:	
Suburb & Post Code:	
Postal Address:	
Home Phone No:	Work Phone:
Mobile Phone No:	
Medicare No:	ef: Expiry Date:
Pension No.	Type: Expiry Date:
Veterans Affairs No.	Type: Expiry Date:
Email:	Occupation:
Emergency Contact Name: Relationship:	Phone:
Title: Mr Mrs Ms Miss Master G	iender:
First Name: S	urname:
Date of Birth: / / Address:	
Medicare No:	ef: Expiry Date:
Are we able to confirm appointments by sending a SMS Patient Consent.	S to your mobile? YES NO
practitioners. Information may be disclosed to otl necessary, for debt recover purposes. Please ask i	reception if you would like access to our privacy policy.
Payment in full is required at time of consultation	
By Signing this form, I accept the terms and condi	tions above.
Patient Signature:	Date:
(Parent/ guardian to	sign if under 16 years)

Please turn over to read and sign Informed Consent.

INFORMED CONSENT



Is an Interpreter required? Yes / No
If yes, is a qualified interpreter present? Yes/ No

Local Anaesthetic

A local anaesthetic is used to numb a small part of your body and stops you feeling pain, you will be awake and aware of what is happening.

Risks of anaesthetic.

- Pain and bruising at the injection site
- Temporary nerve damage, for a few days to months, causing weakness/ numbness of the area the nerve supplies.
- The local anaesthetic does not work.
- Infection at the site of injection requiring antibiotics and further treatment
- Damage to surrounding structures such as blood vessels, nerves and muscles.
- Allergy to the local anaesthetic

Topical Anaesthetic

Anytime you have an injection, permanent makeup, micro pen/skin needling, or laser, there is some slight degree of discomfort. When dermal fillers are injected, it is likely you will feel pressure and stinging pain.

An option to avoid pain is to use topical anaesthetic cream which needs to be applied to the treatment area a minimum of 45 minutes prior to the service.

Anyone with a previous reaction to Lidocaine should **NOT** use topical anaesthetic.

Adverse reactions could be: Headache, light-headedness, or nausea.

By signing this form, I give consent for any of the above as the medical specialist deems necessary.	
Patient Signature:	Date:
(Parent/ guardian to sign	if under 16 years)

